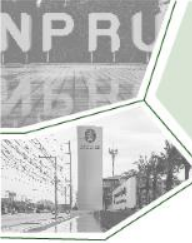




มหาวิทยาลัยราชภัฏนครปฐม  
NAKHON PATHOM RAJABHAT UNIVERSITY  
佛统皇家大学

**Faculty of  
Humanities  
and Social Sciences College**



# Course: ระบบเสียงภาษาจีน Chinese Pronunciation

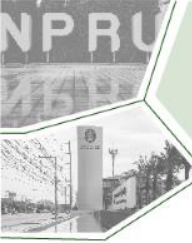
Course code: 1571600

Course name: ระบบเสียงภาษาจีน

Chinese Pronunciation  
汉语语音

Teacher: Aj. Shen ye 申烨





# 第二课课程介绍

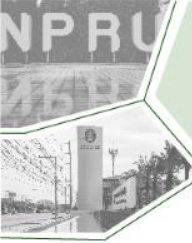
## Introduce for Unit 2

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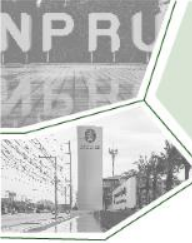
- **Part 1: Chinese Pronunciation**
    - **Initials in Mandarin Chinese: 9 initials**
    - **Finals in Mandarin Chinese: 16 finals**
  - **Part 2: Text 2—— 26 words, 6 expression.**
    - **It's just for listen and read Chinese, and can speak Chinese for introduce our family simple.**
- After learning this Unit, we can recognize another half of Chinese initials and finals, can read them, can speak with Chinese people and introduce your family as simple sentences**





NOW  
LET'S BEGINNING STUDY  
THE UNIT TWO.





# Part 1: Chinese Pronunciation

## 第一部分：汉语语音

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### Initials 声母:

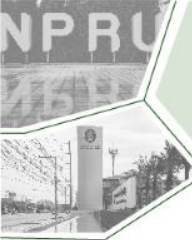
zh ch sh r

z c s

(y w)

b Bb 播 	p Pp 泼 	m Mm 摸 	f Ff 佛 	d Dd 得 	t Tt 特 
n Nn 讷 	l Ll 勒 	g Gg 鸽 	k Kk 蝌 	h Hh 喝 	j Jj 鸡 
q Qq 气 	x Xx 西 	zh zh 织 	ch ch 吃 	sh sh 狮 	r Rr 日 
z Zz 字 	c Cc 刺 	s Ss 丝 	y Yy 医 	w Ww 屋 	





# Part 1: Chinese Pronunciation

## 第一部分：汉语语音

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### Initials 声母:

zh ch sh r

z c s

(y w)

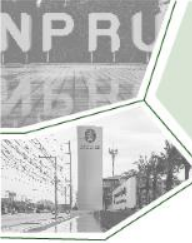
发音器官

根据 P. Ladefoged 及 I. Addieson, 1996

Number	Initial Consonant (Chinese)	Initial Consonant (Pinyin)	Initial Consonant (English)
1	双唇音	m	m
2	唇齿音	m	m
5	舌尖齿音	n	n
7	舌尖齿龈音	n	n
9	舌尖卷舌音	n	n
11	舌尖底卷舌	s	s
12	硬腭音	c	c
13	软腭音	k	k
14	小舌音	q	q
15	咽音	h	h
16	会厌音	h	h
17	声门音	h	h

• 主动发音器官





# Part 1: Chinese Pronunciation

## 第一部分：汉语语音

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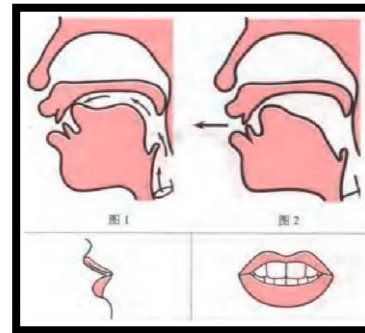


### Initials 声母:

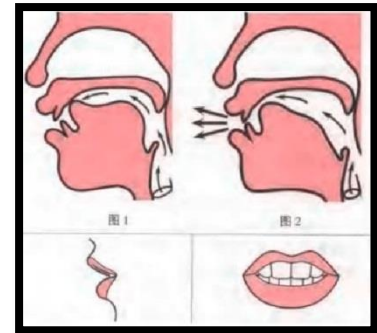
舌尖后音

Behind the tongue

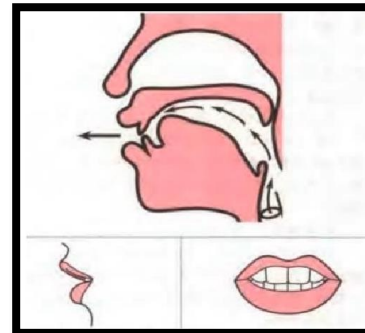
zh



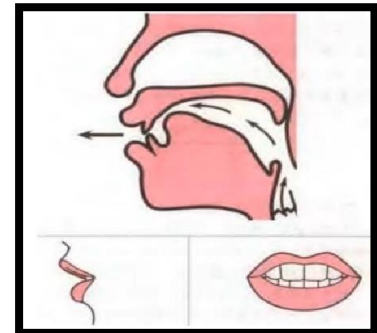
ch



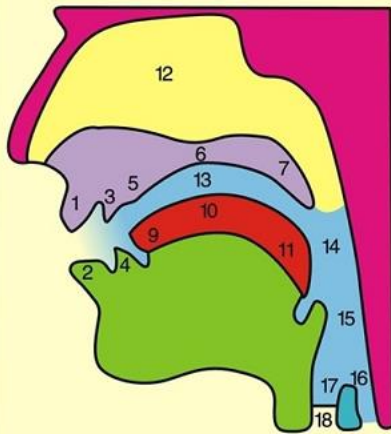
sh



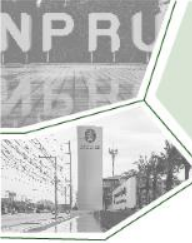
r



### 发音矫正口腔示意图



- |        |        |
|--------|--------|
| 1. 上唇  | 2. 下唇  |
| 3. 上齿  | 4. 下齿  |
| 5. 上牙龈 | 6. 硬腭  |
| 7. 软腭  | 8. 小舌  |
| 9. 舌尖  | 10. 舌面 |
| 11. 舌根 | 12. 鼻腔 |
| 13. 口腔 | 14. 咽头 |
| 15. 喉盖 | 16. 食道 |
| 17. 气管 | 18. 声带 |



# Part 1: Chinese Pronunciation

## 第一部分：汉语语音

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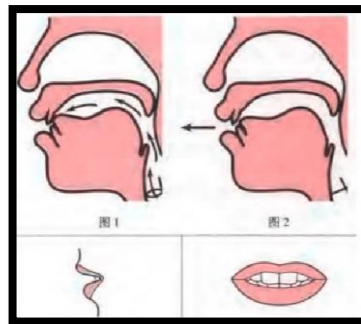
### Initials 声母:

舌尖前音 Front tongue

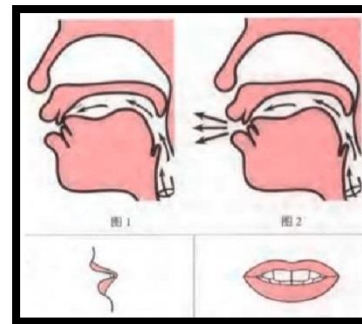
发音矫正口腔示意图



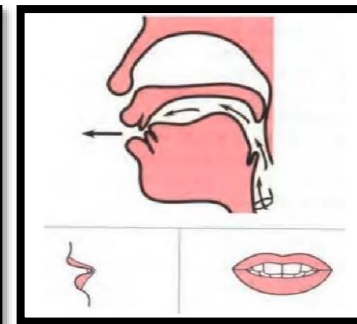
Z



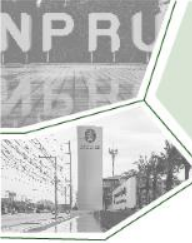
C



S







# Part 1: Chinese Pronunciation

## 第一部分：汉语语音

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### Initials 声母:

y

w

the same as finals:

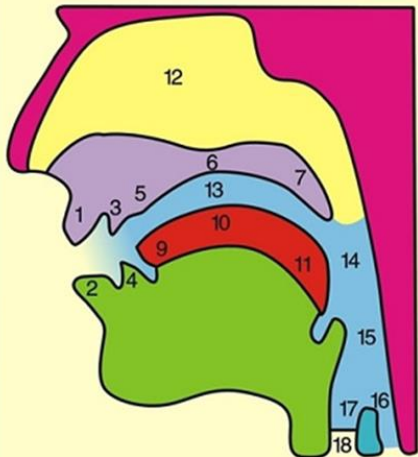
i

u

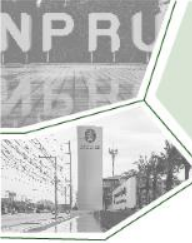
not the real initials

零声母 non initials

发音矫正口腔示意图



- |        |        |
|--------|--------|
| 1. 上唇  | 2. 下唇  |
| 3. 上齿  | 4. 下齿  |
| 5. 上牙龈 | 6. 硬腭  |
| 7. 软腭  | 8. 小舌  |
| 9. 舌尖  | 10. 舌面 |
| 11. 舌根 | 12. 鼻腔 |
| 13. 口腔 | 14. 咽头 |
| 15. 喉盖 | 16. 食道 |
| 17. 气管 | 18. 声带 |



# Part 1: Chinese Pronunciation

## 第一部分：汉语语音

มหาวิทยาลัยราชภัฏนครปฐม  
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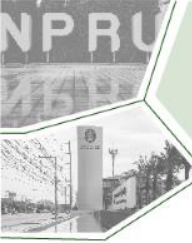


### Finals 韵母:

- Review

The finals we have learned before as simple, it's just have 24 finals.

韵母表					
a Aa 啊 张大嘴巴 a a	o Oo 喔 公鸡公鸡 o o	e Ee 鹅 白鹅唱歌 e e e	i Ii 衣 衣服衣服 i i i	u Uu 乌 乌龟乌龟 u u u	ü Üü 鱼 金鱼金鱼 ü ü ü
ai Ai 矮 高高矮矮 ai ai	ei Ei 诶 干活很累 ei ei ei	ui Ui 围 围巾围巾 ui ui ui	ao Ao 袄 棉袄棉袄 ao ao ao	ou Ou 鸥 海鸥海鸥 ou ou ou	iu Iu 邮 邮票邮票 iu iu iu
ie Ie 椰 椰树椰树 ie ie ie	üe Üe 月 月儿弯弯 üe üe üe	er Er 耳 耳朵耳朵 er er er	an An 安 天安门 an an an	en En 摁 摁图钉 en en en	in In 印 脚印脚印 in in in
un Un 蚊 蚊子蚊子 un un un	ün Ün 云 云儿朵朵 ün ün ün	ang Ang 羊 小羊小羊 ang ang ang	eng Eng 蜂 蜜蜂蜜蜂 eng eng eng	ing Ing 鹰 老鹰老鹰 ing ing ing	ong Ong 钟 时钟时钟 ong ong ong



# Part 1: Chinese Pronunciation

## 第一部分：汉语语音

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### Finals 韵母:

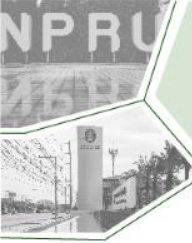
- There are **39** finals that we should know as a Chinese major students.
- Today we'll learn another **16** finals.

### 复韵母 compound finals :

前鼻(in front nasal sound) :  
an en in ün ian uan üan uen

后鼻(behind nasal sound) :  
ang eng ing ong iang iong uang ueng





# Part 1: Chinese Pronunciation

## 第一部分：汉语语音

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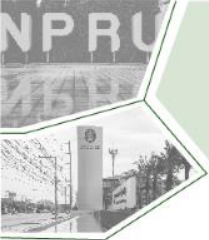
### Finals 韵母:

前鼻韵母(in front nasal sound finals) :

an en in ün ian uan üan uen

发音矫正口腔示意图





# Part 1: Chinese Pronunciation

## 第一部分：汉语语音

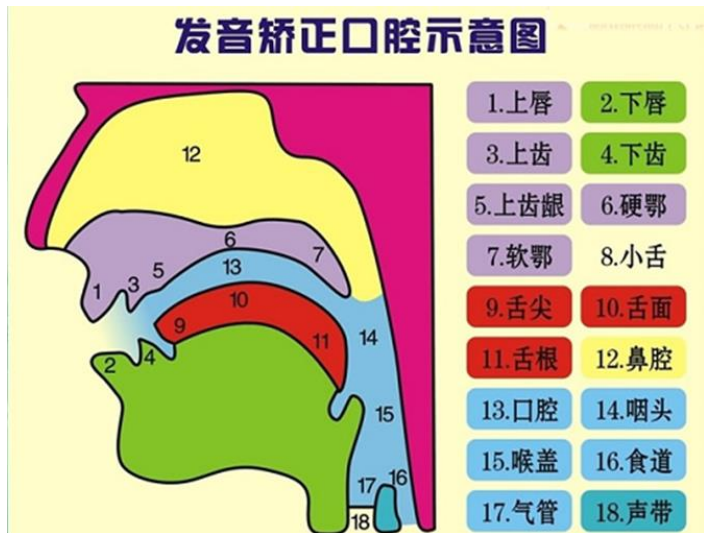
มหาวิทยาลัยราชภัฏนครปฐม  
Nakhon Pathom Rajabhat University

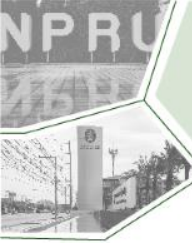


Finals 韵母:

后鼻韵母(behind nasal sound finals) :

ang eng ing ong iang iong uang ueng





# Part 1: Chinese Pronunciation

## 第一部分：汉语语音

มหาวิทยาลัยราชภัฏนครปฐม  
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### 复韵母 compound finals :

前鼻(in front nasal sound) :  
an en in ün ian uan üan uen

后鼻(behind nasal sound) :  
ang eng ing ong iang iong uang ueng

The way to read:

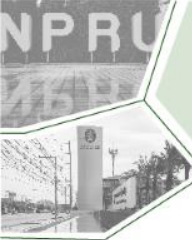
From one to another, and use  
the middle sound.

Example:

an  
u an  
ang  
i ang







# 语音练习

## Exercise of Pronunciation:



汉语拼音字母表

您上次用过 ▾

### 汉语拼音字母表

#### 声母表

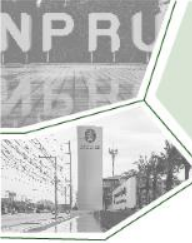
b	p	m	f	d	t	n	l
g	k	h	j	q	x	zh	ch
sh	r	z	c	s	y	w	

#### 韵母表

a	o	e	i	u	ü	ai	ei
ui	ao	ou	iu	ie	üe	er	an
en	in	un	ün	ang	eng	ing	ong

#### 整体认读音节

zhi	chi	shi	ri	zi	ci	si	wu
yi	yu	ye	yue	yuan	yin	yun	ying



# 语音练习 Exercise of Pronunciation:

zh ch sh r

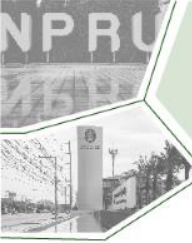
z c s

(y w)

an en in ün ian uan üan uen

ang eng ing ong iang iong uang ueng





## Part 2: Text 2

How many people are there in your family?  
第二部分：课文二      你家有几口人？

Now let's beginning study the Text Three.





# 1 New Words 生词:



1	在	zài	To indicate an action in progress
2	给	gěi	for
3	家	jiā	home
4	里	lǐ	in
5	写	xiě	to write
6	信	xìn	letter
7	有	yǒu	to have
8	几	jǐ	how many
9	口	kǒu	Measure word

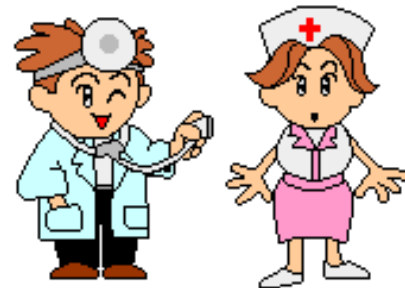




# 1 New Words 生词:



10	四	sì	four
11	爸爸	bàba	father
12	妈妈	māma	mother
13	弟弟	dìdi	younger brother
14	做	zuò	to do
15	工作	gōngzuò	work; job
16	医生	yīshēng	doctor
17	老师	lǎoshī	teacher
18	一共	yígòng	total





# 1 New Words 生词:



19	八	bā	eight
20	爷爷	yéye	grandfather
21	奶奶	nǎinai	grandmother
22	两	liǎng	two
23	哥哥	gēge	elder brother
24	姐姐	jiějie	elder sister
25	大	dà	big
26	家庭	jiā tíng	family







- 玛丽：安妮，你在做什么？ Mǎ lì: Ān nī, nǐ zài zuò shénme?
- 安妮：我在给家里写信。 Ān nī: Wǒ zài gěi jiā lǐ xiě xìn 。
- 玛丽：你家有几口人？ Mǎ lì: Nǐ jiā yǒu jǐ kǒu rén?
- 安妮：我家有四口人：爸爸、妈妈、弟弟和我。
- Ān nī: Wǒ jiā yǒu sì kǒu rén: bàba、māma、dìdì hé wǒ。
- 玛丽：你爸爸妈妈做什么工作？ Mǎ lì: Nǐ bàba māma zuò shénme gōng zuò?
- 安妮：我爸爸是医生，我妈妈是老师。你们家呢？
- Ān nī: Wǒ bàba shì yīshēng, wǒ māma shì lǎoshī。 Nǐmen jiā ne?
- 玛丽：我们家一共有八口人。有爸爸、妈妈、爷爷、奶奶、两个哥哥、一个姐姐，还有我。
- Mǎ lì: Wǒmen jiā yíòng yǒu bā kǒu rén。 Yǒu bàba、māma、yéye、nǎinai、liǎng gè gēge、yí gè jiějie, hái yǒu wǒ。
- 安妮：你们真是个大家庭。 Ān nī: Nǐmen zhēn shì gè dà jiātíng。



## 2 Conversation 课文对话



- (1). 玛丽：安妮，你在做什么？ Mǎ lì: Ān nī, nǐ zài zuò shénme?
- Mary: Annie, what are you doing?
- 安妮：我在给家里写信。 Ān nī: Wǒ zài gěi jiā lǐ xiě xìn 。
- Annie: I'm writing a letter to my family.
- “你在做什么？ nǐ zài zuò shénme? ” is a sentence to showing the meaning of ask your friends or somebody “What are you doing?” of oral Chinese.
- “做zuò” is means doing.
- “什么shénme” is means what.
- And when you will answer the question, you can use “我在Wǒ zài……” show the meaning of I' m doing something.
- “给gěi” is a Preposition, it is used to tell the object who we do something for.



# 2 Conversation 课文对话



• (2). 玛丽：你家有几口人？ Mǎ lì: Nǐ jiā yǒu jǐ kǒu rén?

• Mary: How many people are there in your family?

• 安妮：我家有四口人：爸爸、妈妈、弟弟和我。

• Ān nī: Wǒ jiā yǒu sì kǒu rén: bàba, māma, dìdi hé wǒ.

• Annie: There are four people in my family: father, mother, younger brother and me.

• “你家有几口人？ Nǐ jiā yǒu jǐ kǒu rén? ” is a sentence to showing the meaning of ask your friends or somebody “How many people are there in your family?” of oral Chinese. “几口 jǐ kǒu” means How many people. And when you will answer the question, you could use the sentence like this:

• 我家 + 有 + Number words + 口人: Noun.1 + Noun.2 + ... +和我。

• 1、2、3…… the member of family

• For example:我家有五口人：爸爸、妈妈、爷爷、奶奶和我。

• This sentence is used to introduce the detail information about our family and the members of family to another people.



## 2 Conversation 课文对话 : read 3 times

- (3). 玛丽：你爸爸妈妈做什么工作？
  - Mǎ lì: Nǐ bàba māma zuò shénme gōng zuò?
  - Mary: What do your parents do?
  - 安妮：我爸爸是医生，我妈妈是老师。你们家呢？
  - Ān nī: Wǒ bàba shì yīshēng, wǒ māma shì lǎoshī. Nǐmen jiā ne?
  - Annie: My father is a doctor and my mother is a teacher. What about your family?
  - When you want to ask what do someone do, you can say:
  - Somebody + 做什么工作？
  - For example: 你姐姐      做什么工作？
  - 他                         做什么工作？
  - 田中                        做什么工作？
  - You can answer this question as:
  - Somebody + 是 + the name of career
  - For example: 我姐姐      是            老师
  - 他                         是            警察
  - 田中                        是            医生



## 2 Conversation 课文对话



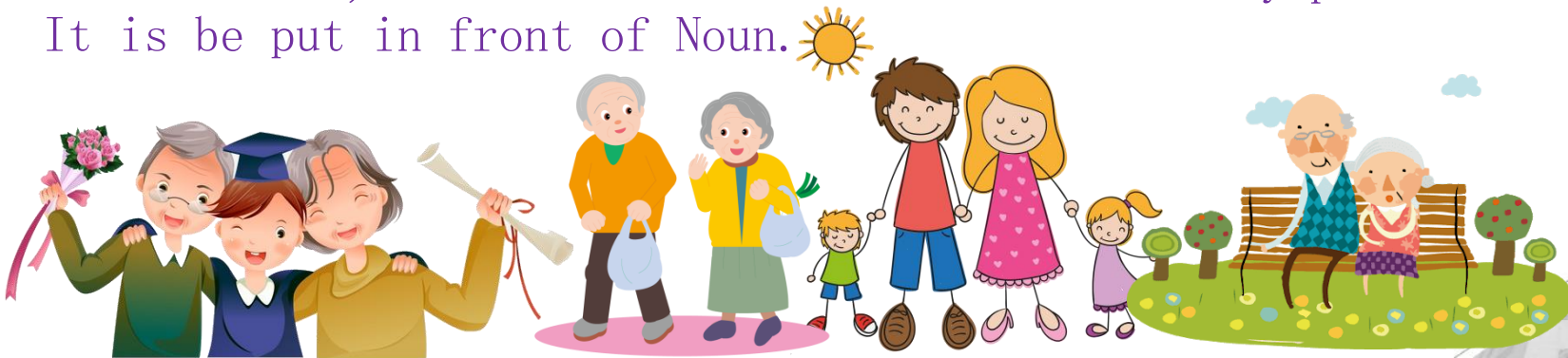
- (4). 玛丽：我们家一共有八口人。有爸爸、妈妈、爷爷、奶奶、两个哥哥、一个姐姐，还有我。
- Mǎ lì: Wǒmen jiā yí gòng yǒu bā kǒu rén. Yǒu bàba, māma, yéye, nǎinai, liǎng gè gēge, yí gè jiějie, hái yǒu wǒ.
- Mary: There are eight people in my family. There are father, mother, grandfather, grandmother, two brothers, one sister and me.
- 我们家 + 有 + Number words + 口人。有 + Noun.1 + Noun.2 + ... + ...个Noun., 还有我。
- For example:
  - 我家有六口人：爸爸、妈妈、爷爷、两个姐姐，还有我。
  - This sentence is used to introduce the detail information about our family and the members of family to another people.



## 2 Conversation 课文对话



- (5). 安妮：你们真是个大家庭。
- Ān nī: Nǐmen zhēn shì gè dà jiā tíng.
- Annie: You are really a big family.
- “真” means really, it is an adverb word, and be put in front of verb.
- “个” is a measure word, you should pay attention to the measure word, because measure word is a necessary part in Chinese. It is be put in front of Noun.







### 3 Expression sentences 句式表达:



- 1) “一共” means “total”, count the number together.
- For example:
- 两个班一共24人。 There are total 24 people in two classes.
- 3斤苹果1斤梨，一共4斤。
- Three kilograms of apples and one kilogram of pears, a total is four kilogram.
- 我一共花了385元。 I spent 385 yuan totally.
- “一” 本音yī, 但当后面的词声调是一声、二声、三声时, “一” 读第四声yì, 当后面的词声调是第四声时, “一” 读第二声yí。
- 一只 yì zhī
- 一瓶 yì píng
- 一起 yì qǐ
- 一共 yí gòng





# 3 Expression sentences 句式表达:



- 2) The expression of cardinal numbers:
- 一One      二two      三three      四four      五five
- 六six      七seven      八eight      九nine      十ten
- 十一eleven    十二…… Twelve
- 二十twenty    二十一 twenty-one      101 一百零一



- 3) “大家庭” means “a family with a large population”.
- For example:
- A. 他家是个大家庭，一共11口人。(Meaning: His family is a large one, with 11 people in all.)
- B. 我家有三口人，不是大家庭。



### 3 Expression sentences 句式表达:



- (4) 你们家有几口人? How many people are there in your family?
- 你们家里有什么人?
- 你家都有哪些人?
- 你家一共有多少人?

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- When you want to ask someone about their family as respectfully, you can choose one of these 4 sentences to show your meaning.



### 3 Expression sentences 句式表达:



- (5) 你爸爸做什么工作? What does your father do?
  - 你爸爸是做什么的?
  - When you want to ask someone about his/her father's job, you can choose one of these 2 sentences to show your meaning.
- 
- (3) 我们家一共有八口人。 There are eight people in my family.
  - 我们家共有八口人。
  - 我家总共有八口人。
  - When you want to tell someone about your family, you can choose one of these 3 sentences to show your meaning.



# Oral Exercise 口语练习 :



- 一、Read the following sentences in correct intonation loudly.
- 1. 你在做什么?
- 2. 你家有几口人?
- 3. 你妈妈做什么工作?
- 4. 我爸爸是医生, 妈妈是老师。
- 5. 我们是个大家庭





# Oral Exercise 口语练习 :

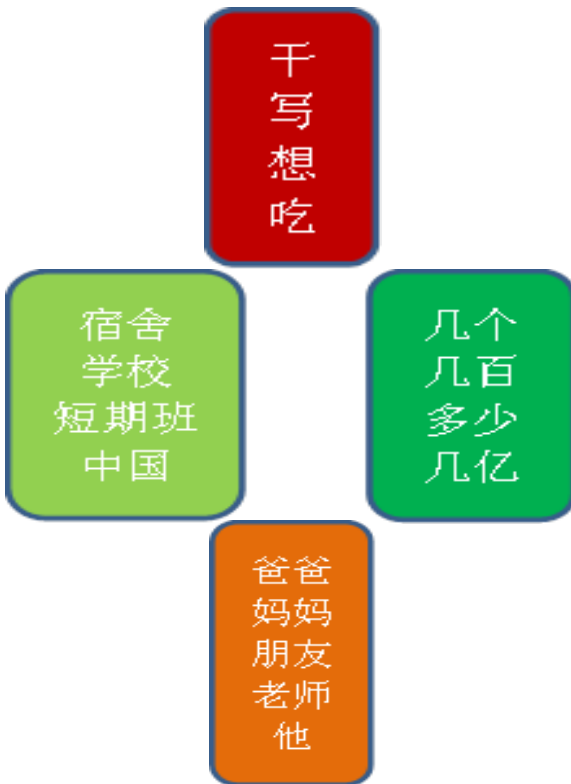


- 二、Substitution drills.

- 1. 你在做什么?

- 2. 你家一共有几口人?

- 3. 我在给家里写信。







## Part 2

# Oral Exercise 口语练习 :

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- 三、Answer the following questions.
- 1. 你家有几口人?
- How many people are there in your family?
- 2. 你爸爸做什么工作? 你妈妈呢?
- What does your father do? What about your mother?
- 3. 你喜欢什么样的工作?
- What kind of job do you like?





## Oral Exercise 口语练习：



### • 四、Complete the following dialogues with the given words.

- 1. 男：\_\_\_\_\_？（做什么）
- 女：我在\_\_\_\_\_。（写）
- 男：你家\_\_\_\_\_？（几口）
- 女：\_\_\_\_\_。（爸爸，妈妈，一共）
- 2. 男：请问，你家里有什么人？
- 女：\_\_\_\_\_。（有，一共）
- 男：我家人很少，有\_\_\_\_\_。（爸爸，妈妈）
- 女：\_\_\_\_\_。（大家庭）
- 3. 男：我爸爸\_\_\_\_\_，你爸爸呢？（医生）
- 女：我爸爸是\_\_\_\_\_。（老师）
- 4. 男：你妈妈\_\_\_\_\_？（做）
- 女：她是教师。





## Listening Exercise 听力练习：



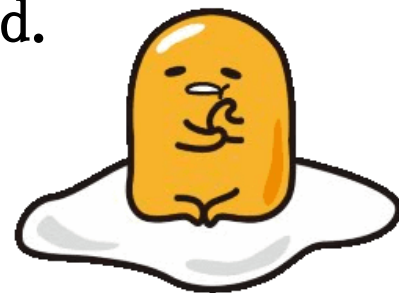
一、Listen and answer the following questions.

1. 安妮在做什么？
2. 她家几口人？
3. 小王家都有谁？
4. 她在给谁写信？

二、Listen and underline the words you heard.

- |          |       |       |       |
|----------|-------|-------|-------|
| 1. A. 三口 | B. 五口 | C. 六口 | D. 八口 |
| 2. A. 爷爷 | B. 爸爸 | C. 叔叔 | D. 姐姐 |
| 3. A. 妈妈 | B. 哥哥 | C. 弟弟 | D. 妹妹 |

我想想~



# Listening Exercise 听力练习：



加油!!

三、Listen and answer the following questions.

1. 玛丽家有几口人?
2. 她的爸爸妈妈做什么工作?
3. 玛丽在哪儿?
4. 玛丽的弟弟做什么?



四、True or false based on the following statements you listened.

- |             |        |
|-------------|--------|
| 1. 爸爸是医生。   | (    ) |
| 2. 他工作不太努力。 | (    ) |
| 3. 大家都喜欢他。  | (    ) |





## Listening Exercise 听力练习：



五、Listen and choose the right answers.

1. 读书的是谁? ( )

A. 爸爸                      B. 妈妈                      C. 哥哥                      D. 弟弟

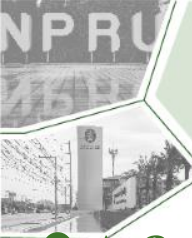
2. 写信的是谁? ( )

A. 哥哥                      B. 妈妈                      C. 弟弟                      D. 爸爸

3. 给谁写信? ( )

A. 爸爸                      B. 妈妈                      C. 哥哥                      D. 爷爷





## 总结 Summary

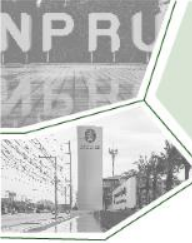
- After studying this unit, we knew the more knowledge about initials and finals in Mandarin Chinese. And according the text learning got some words and expression sentence, exercise listening and reading. Then can speak with Chinese people and talk about our family as simple sentences.



谢谢







谢谢 再见

THANK YOU

GOODBYE

