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NAKHON PATHOM
RAJABHAT UNIVERSITY
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申焯

Course code: 2913243

Course name: ภาษาจีนสำหรับมัคคุเทศก์

Chinese for Tourist Guides

导游汉语 Dǎoyóu Hànyǔ

Teacher:

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Dì qī kè Zài fàndiàn chīfàn
第七课 在饭店吃饭
Lesson 7 Dining at a restaurant

New words
生词

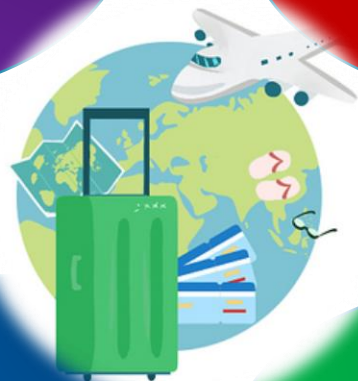
Conversation
课文对话

Language
points
语言点

Pronounce
语音知识

Exercises
练习

Culture
points
文化点滴





Words 生词

1	没有	méiyǒu	no have
2	座位	zuòwèi	seat
3	坐	zuò	sit
4	对不起	duìbuqǐ	sorry
5	协调	xiétiáo	coordination
6	可以	kěyǐ	could
7	抱歉	bàoqiàn	appology
8	今天	jīntiān	Today
9	人	rén	people
10	多	duō	much





Words 生词

11	有	yǒu	have
12	少	shǎo	few
13	东西	dōngxi	thing
14	旅游团	lǚyóutuán	tour
15	客人	kèrén	guest
16	吃饭	chīfàn	have a meal



Conversation

会话huìhuà



(Zài fàndiàn chīfàn. 在饭店吃饭。)

- Yóukè: Dǎoyóu! Wǒmen méiyǒu zuòwèi zuò!
- 游客: 导游! 我们没有座位坐!
- Dǎoyóu: Duìbuqǐ, wǒ qù xiétiáo yíxià! Zuò nàr, kěyǐ ma?
- 导游: 对不起, 我去协调一下! 坐那儿, 可以吗?
- Yóukè: Kěyǐ, néng zuò jiù xíng!
- 游客: 可以, 能坐就行!
- Dǎoyóu: Zhēn bàoqiàn, jīntiān rén duō.
- 导游: 真抱歉, 今天人多。





Language Points 语言点 yǔyán diǎn

1. Have problem

- Yóukè: Dǎoyóu! Wǒmen méiyǒu zuòwèi zuò!
- 游客：导游！我们没有座位坐！

Wǒmen méiyǒu zuòwèi zuò!

我们没有座位坐！

Means: We have not the seat.

When the guest would to let Guides know they have some problem or they need something, can use this sentence.

Wǒmen méiyǒu ……!

我们没有……！

Example: Wǒmen méiyǒu piào 我们没有票 We have not the tickets

Wǒmen méiyǒu Tàizhū 我们没有泰铢 We have not Baht.





Language Points 语言点 yǔyán diǎn

2. Solve Problem

Dǎoyóu: Duìbuqǐ, wǒ qù xiétiáo yíxià! Zuò nàr, kěyǐ ma?

导游: 对不起, 我去协调一下! 坐那儿, 可以吗?

Wǒ qù xiétiáo yíxià! 我去协调一下!

Means: I will coordinate.

When you will solve the problem for the tourists, you can use this sentence. Show the meaning your are kindly with them.





Language Points 语言点 yǔyán diǎn

3. Agree or not

Dǎoyóu: Duìbuqǐ, wǒ qù xiétiáo yíxià! Zuò nàr, kěyǐ ma?

导游: 对不起, 我去协调一下! 坐那儿, 可以吗?

Zuò nàr, kěyǐ ma?

坐那儿, 可以吗?

Means: Sit there, is it ok?

When you will ask the others if they agree with something or not, can use this sentence.

kěyǐ ma?

可以吗?

And we can answer as “kěyǐ可以” means “agree”, or “bùkěyǐ不可以” means “don't agree”.





Language Points 语言点 yǔyán diǎn

4. It' s alright for……

Yóukè: Kěyǐ, néng zuò jiù xíng!

游客：可以，能坐就行！

Néng zuò jiù xíng!

能坐就行！

Means: It' s alright for sit.

When you will show your meaning with no more need, can use this sentence.

Néng …V…jiù xíng!

能……就行

Example: Néng chī jiù xíng 能吃就行 It' s alright for eat.

Néng yòng jiù xíng 能用就行 It' s alright for use.





Language Points 语言点 yǔyán diǎn

5. Sorry

- Dǎoyóu: Zhēn bàoqiàn, jīntiān rén duō.
- 导游：真抱歉，今天人多。

Zhēn bàoqiàn

真抱歉

Means: So sorry.

When you will apologize someone, you can use this sentence.

duìbuqǐ对不起 (general) = zhēn bàoqiàn真抱歉 (formal)



Language Points 语言点 yǔyán diǎn

6. a large number of things

Dǎoyóu: Zhēn bàoqiàn, jīntiān rén duō.

导游：真抱歉，今天人多。

jīntiān rén duō.

今天人多。

Means: There are many people today.

When you will show the meaning of “a large number of things”, can use this sentence.

jīntiān duō.

今天……多。

Example: jīn tiān chē duō 今天车多 There are many cars today

jīn tiān yóu kè duō 今天游客多 There are many tourists today

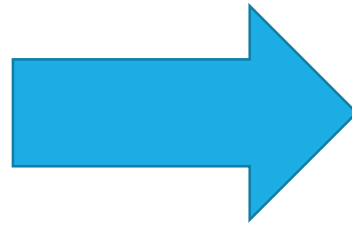


Pronunciation Points

语音知识 yǔyīn zhīshi

1. The tonal modification of the third tone in Chinese

Zuò nàr
坐那儿



The change of
Pinyin with “er”



During pronunciation, the tongue is
upturned. Express small, friendly, relaxed or
favorite emotional.