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มหาวิทยาลัยราชภัฏนครปฐม  
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Course code: 2913245

Course name: ภาษาจีนเพื่อการสื่อสารอุตสาหกรรมบริการ

Chinese for Hospitality Industry

服务行业汉语

Fúwù Hángyè Hànyǔ

Teacher:

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# 第四课课程介绍

## Introduce for Lesson 4

- **Part 1: Text study**

- In this course, I will introduce the basic knowledge about how to order the food. Then I will explanation the meaning and details of 12 new vocabularies, 1 conversation with 7 sentences, and the language points, pronunciation point and culture point in this course. And I will tell you the special way to ask the name in Chinese.

- **Part 2: Exercises**

- Pleases try to do the exercise in the back of the text.
- Pleases remember the words and sentences about Chinese for Hospitality Industry.



Dì sì kè Nín xūyào dìng cān ma ?  
第四课 您需要订餐吗？  
Lesson 4 Do you need to order food?

New words  
生词

Conversation  
课文对话

Language  
points  
语言点

Pronounce  
语音知识

Exercises  
练习

Culture point  
文化点滴

New Vocabularies 生词



餐厅

cāntīng

份

fèn

订餐

dìng cān

和

hé

炒饭

chǎofàn

加

jiā

猪肉

zhūròu

糖

táng

牛肉

niúròu

牛奶

niúnnǎi

鸡蛋

jīdàn

或者

huòzhě

cāntīng  
餐厅

cāntīng huánjìng / Màngǔ cāntīng

Dining room

restaurant environment / Bangkok restaurant



dìngcān  
订餐

xiǎng dìngcān / dǎ diànhuà dìngcān

Order food

Want to order food / Call to order



chǎofàn  
炒饭

chī chǎofàn / yǒu chǎofàn ma

fried rice

have fried rice / Do you have fried rice?



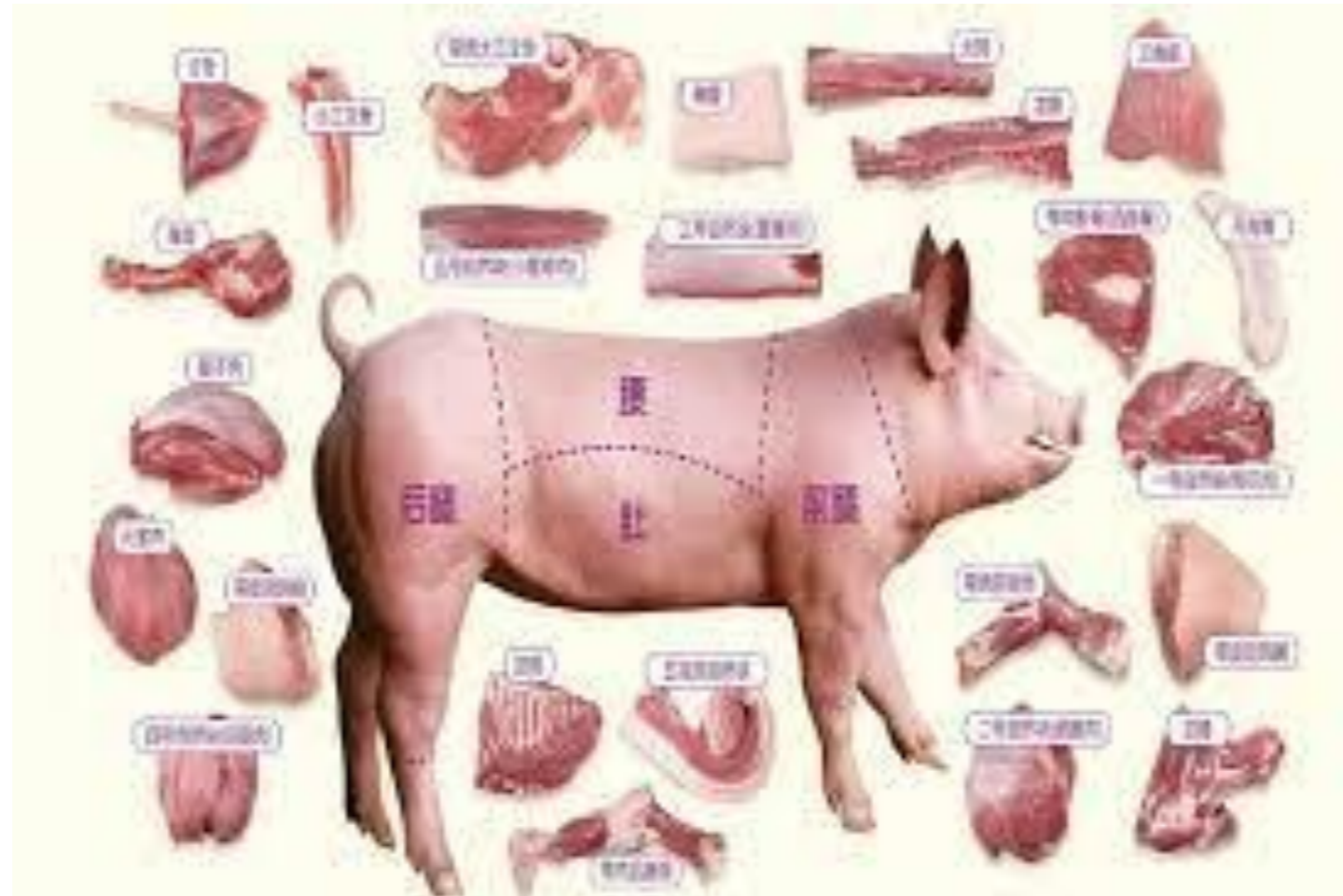


zhūròu  
猪肉

zhūròu chǎofàn / bù chī zhūròu

Pork

Pork Fried Rice / No eat Pork

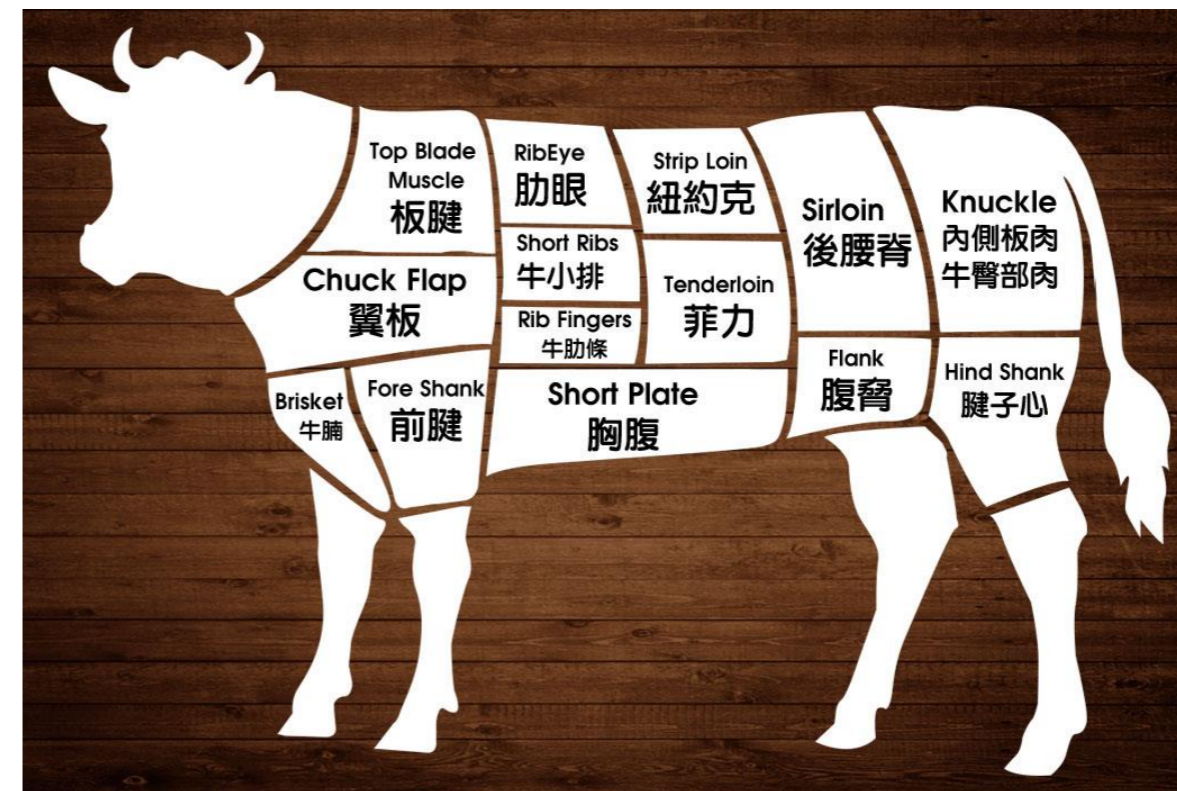


niúròu  
牛肉

niúròu chǎofàn / xǐhuan chī niúròu

Beef

Beef Fried Rice / Love Beef



jī dàn  
鸡蛋

yí ge jī dàn / jī dàn chǎofàn

hen's egg

An egg / Egg fried rice



fèn  
份

yào yí fèn jīdàn chǎofàn / nín yào jǐ fèn

for a complete menu of food

I'll have the egg fried rice. / How many do you want?



hé  
和

niúròu hé zhūròu / mèimei hé wǒ

and

beef and pork / my sister and me



jiā  
加

jiā yí ge jīdàn / jiā yí fèn chǎofàn

Add

Add an egg. / Add a fried rice



táng  
糖

bái táng / jiā yìdiǎn táng

Sugar

white sugar / add a little sugar



niúnǎi  
牛奶

hē niúnǎi / yào jiā niúnǎi ma

Milk

drink milk / With milk?





huòzhě  
或者

niúròu huòzhě zhūròu /  
jiā táng huòzhě niúndǎi dōu kěyǐ

Or

Beef or pork / adding sugar or milk is fine





## New Vocabularies 生词

餐厅	cāntīng	restaurant	份	fèn	classifier
订餐	dìngcān	order food	和	hé	and
炒饭	chǎofàn	fried rice	加	jiā	add with
猪肉	zhūròu	pork	糖	táng	sugar
牛肉	niúròu	beef	牛奶	niúnnǎi	milk
鸡蛋	jīdàn	eggs	或者	huòzhě	or



Wěi, nínhǎo, zhèlǐ shì cāntīng. Qǐng wèn nín xūyào dìngcān ma?

A: 喂，您好，这里是餐厅。请问您需要订餐吗？

Shìde, nǐmen yǒu shénme chǎofàn?

B: 是的，你们有什么炒饭？

Yǒu zhūròu chǎofàn、niúròu chǎofàn hé jīdàn chǎofàn.

A: 有猪肉炒饭、牛肉炒饭和鸡蛋炒饭。

Wǒ yào liǎng fèn jīdàn chǎofàn hé yì bēi kāfēi.

B: 我要两份鸡蛋炒饭和一杯咖啡。

Liǎng fèn jīdàn chǎofàn, yì bēi kāfēi. Kāfēi yào jiā táng huòzhě niúnnǎi ma?

A: 两份鸡蛋炒饭，一杯咖啡。咖啡要加糖或者牛奶吗？

Bú yào táng, jiā yìdiǎnr niúnnǎi.

B: 不要糖，加一点儿牛奶。

Hǎode. Qǐng shāo děng……

A: 好的。请稍等……



## Language Points 语言点 yǔyán diǎn

Wěi, nín hǎo, zhèli shì cāntīng. Qǐng wèn nín xūyào dìngcān ma?

A: 喂, 您好, 这里是 餐厅。请 问 您 需要 订餐 吗?

Hello, this is the restaurant. Would you like to make an order?

Shì de, nǐmen yǒu shénme chǎofàn?

B: 是的, 你们 有 什么 炒饭?

Yeah, what do you guys have for fried rice?

Miàntiáo/ cài/ Shūcài/ yǐnliào/ jiǔ/ nǎichá/ kělè/ shuǐ/ Tāng/

面条 / 菜 / 蔬菜 / 饮料 / 酒 / 奶茶 / 可乐 / 水 / 汤

Noodles/Dishes/vegetable/Drinks/Liquor/Milk Tea/Cola/Water/Soup



## Language Points 语言点 yǔyán diǎn

Yǒu zhūròu chǎofàn, niúròu chǎofàn hé jīdàn chǎofàn.

A: 有 猪肉 炒饭、牛肉 炒饭 和 鸡蛋 炒饭。

There is pork fried rice, beef fried rice and egg fried rice.

It use “A 、 B hé C” to show the meaning of something and another things.

Wǒ yào liǎng fèn jīdàn chǎofàn hé yì bēi kāfēi.

B: 我 要 两 份 鸡蛋 炒饭 和 一 杯 咖啡。

I'd like two portions of egg fried rice and a cup of coffee.

The words fèn and bēi are very important in the sentences in Chinese.



## Language Points 语言点 yǔyán diǎn

Liǎng fèn jīdàn chǎofàn, yì bēi kāfēi. Kāfēi yào jiā táng huòzhě niúnnǎi ma?

A: 两份鸡蛋炒饭, 一杯咖啡。咖啡要加糖或者牛奶吗?

Two portions of egg fried rice and a cup of coffee. Do you need to add sugar or milk to your coffee?

yào ..... ma? It is used to ask the requirement of someone.

jiā táng huòzhě niúnnǎi ma? huòzhě is used to make selective expressions.



## Language Points 语言点 yǔyán diǎn

Bú yào jiā táng, jiā yìdiǎnr niúnnǎi.

B: 不要加糖，加一点儿牛奶。

No sugar, just a little milk.

Yào/ bú yào being used as an expression of will.

Hǎode. Qǐng shāo děng.....

A: 好的。请 稍 等.....

Okay. One moment, please. ....

## Pronunciation Points 语音知识 yǔyīn zhīshi

1. The special pronunciation of character “一yī” and “两liǎng” in Chinese.

A. The word “一yī” are pronounced in front of the first, second, and third tones, it should change the tone to be the fourth tone.

一 yī



Both the pronunciation  
and the writing will be  
changed all.

yì bēi

一杯 a cup of...

yìdiǎnr

一点儿 a little



Pronunciation Points 语音知识 yǔyīn zhīshi

1. The special pronunciation of character “一yī” and “两liǎng” in Chinese.  
B. The word “二 èr” are pronounced as “两liǎng”, when it is used in front of the measure words.

二 èr



两liǎng

liǎng fèn

两份

liǎng bēi

两杯



**NOW**  
**LET'S BEGINNING STUDY**  
**PART 3.**





## Culture Point 文化点滴 wénhuà diǎndī

汉语中的量词非常丰富，当我们在描述事物的时候，必须添加恰当的量词。并且汉语中的量词种类非常多，不同的事物有不同的量词；相似的事物也可能有不同的量词。The Chinese language is very rich in quantifiers (Quantifiers is the Measure words), when we are describing things, we must add appropriate quantifiers. And there are many kinds of quantifiers in Chinese, different things have different quantifiers; similar things may also have different quantifiers.

汉语常用量词 Chinese common Measure words:

一个人 (a person) yí gè

一位同学 (a classmate) yí wèi

一只狗 (a dog) yí zhī

一件衣服 (a piece of clothing) yí jiàn 【jiàn件 means a piece】

The quantifiers in this lesson:

liǎng fèn jīdàn chǎofàn

两份鸡蛋炒饭

yì bēi kāfēi.

一杯咖啡。

# 总结 Summary

- After studying this lesson, we know the basic knowledge about how to order some food at a restaurant. And know the meaning and details of 12 new vocabularies, 1 conversation with 7 sentences, and the language points, pronunciation point and culture point in this course. The different ways to make a payment in China. Wish you can apply your knowledge of Chinese learned in this course to work in the entire service industry, finance, and business, as well as other relevant industry sectors.

