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Course code: 2913245

Course name: ภาษาจีนเพื่อการสื่อสารอุตสาหกรรมบริการ

Chinese for Hospitality Industry

服务行业汉语

Fúwù Hángyè Hànyǔ

Teacher:

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第九课课程介绍

Introduce for Lesson 9

- **Part 1: Text study**
 - In this course, I will introduce the basic knowledge about how to connect to clean the room. Then I will explain the meaning and details of 12 new vocabularies, 1 conversation with 8 sentences, and the language points, pronunciation point and culture point in this course. And I will tell you the special way to ask the name in Chinese.
- **Part 2: Exercises**
 - Please try to do the exercise in the back of the text.
 - Please remember the words and sentences about Chinese for Hospitality Industry.



Dì jiǔ kè Wǒ xiān dǎsǎo fángjiān
第九课 我先打扫房间
Lesson 9 I'll clean the room first.

New words
生词

Conversation
课文对话

Language
points
语言点

Pronounce
语音知识

Exercises
练习

Culture point
文化点滴

New Vocabularies 生词

脏 zāng 垃圾 lājī

打扫 dǎsǎo 桶 tǒng

辛苦 xīnkǔ 满 mǎn

收拾 shōushi 别 bié

先 xiān 忘 wàng

然后 ránhòu 扔 rēng



zāng
脏

hěn zāng / fángjiān yǒu diǎnr zāng

Dirty.

Very dirty. / The room was a little dirty.



dǎsǎo
打扫

dǎsǎo fángjiān / dǎsǎo yíxià

Clean

Clean your room. / Clean it up.



xīnkǔ
辛苦

hěnxīnkǔ

Hard / tire

very hard and tired



shōushi
收拾

shōushi yíxià / shōushi fángjiān

punish (colloquial)

Clean it up. / Clean up your room.



xiān
先

ránhòu
然后

xiān shuāyá, ránhòu chīfàn.

First

Brush your teeth first, then eat.

Then



lājī
垃圾

yǒu lājī ma / yào rēng lājī ma

Rubbish

Is there any rubbish?

Do you want to throw out the rubbish?



tǒng
桶

shuǐ tǒng / lājī tǒng

Bucket

Bucket / Trash cans



mǎn
满

mǎn le / shuǐ mǎn le / hái bù mǎn

Full.

It's full. / The water is full. / It's not full.



bié
别

bié chī / hěn zāng, bié ná. / bié guò lái

Don't.....please.

Don't eat it. / It's dirty, don't take it. / Don't come.



wàng
忘

wàng le / bié wàng le jiā niúndǎi

Forget

forget about / Don't forget to add milk.



rēng
扔

rēng lājī / rēng dōngxi

Throw

throw the rubbish away / Throwing things.





New Vocabularies 生词

脏	zāng	dirty	垃圾	lājī	rubbish
打扫	dǎsǎo	cleaning	桶	tǒng	bucket
辛苦	xīnkǔ	hard, tire	满	mǎn	full
收拾	shōushi	clean up	别	bié	don' t
先	xiān	first	忘	wàng	forget
然后	ránhòu	then	扔	rēng	throw



Xiǎolì, nǐ zài máng shénme ne?

A: 小丽, 你在忙什么呢?

Fángjiān yǒu diǎnr zāng, wǒ dǎsǎo yíxià.

B: 房间有点儿脏, 我打扫一下。

Xīnkǔ nǐ le!

A: 辛苦你了!

Zhuōzi shàng de pánzi hé bēizi kěyǐ shōu le ma?

B: 桌子上的盘子和杯子可以收了吗?

Shōu le ba.

A: 收了吧。

Hǎode. Wǒ xiān dǎsǎo fángjiān, ránhòu shōushi zhuōzi.

B: 好的。我先打扫房间, 然后收拾桌子。

Lājī tǒng mǎn le, bié wàng le rēng lājī.

A: 垃圾桶满了, 别忘了扔垃圾。

Zhīdào le, wǒ xǐ wán bēizi hòu, jiù qù rēng lājī.

B: 知道了, 我洗完杯子后, 就去扔垃圾。



Language Points 语言点 yǔyán diǎn

Xiǎolì, nǐ zài máng shénme ne?

A: 小丽, 你在忙什么呢?

Xiaoli, what are you busy with?

It is used to ask what someone is doing.



Fángjiān yǒu diǎnr zāng, wǒ dǎsǎo yíxià.

B: 房间 有点儿 脏, 我 打扫 一下。

The room is a bit dirty, I'll clean it up.

yǒu diǎnr 有点儿 = a little / a bit

Yǒudiǎnr zàng/guì/tián/lèi

有点儿 脏 / 贵 / 甜 / 累

A bit dirty/expensive/sweet/tiring

Language Points 语言点 yǔyán diǎn

Xīnkǔ nǐ le!

A: 辛苦你了! >= xièxie 谢谢

该句子用来表达: 对别人付出辛苦和劳动的感谢。

The sentence is used to express a meaning of appreciation for the hard work and labor by others.

It can also express condolences to others.

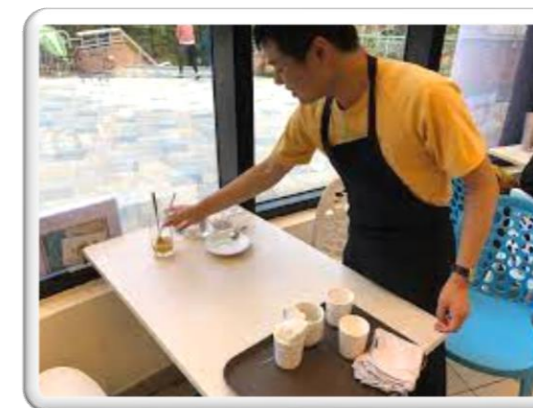


Language Points 语言点 yǔyán diǎn

Zhuōzi shàng de pánzi hé bēizi kěyǐ shōu le ma?

B: 桌子上的盘子和杯子可以收了吗?

Can the plates and cups on the table be put away?



Something 1 (big) + place + de + something 2 (small)

It is used to indicate that something is in a certain position.

Zhuōzi shàng de shǒujī 桌子上的手机 the mobile phone on the table

bāo lǐ de diànnǎo 包里的电脑 the computer in a bag

fángjiān wài de māo 房间外的猫 the cat outside the room

kěyǐ shōu le ma?

可以收了吗?

It is used to ask if something can be done.

Language Points 语言点 yǔyán diǎn

Shōu le ba.

A: 收 了吧。 Please take it away.

Hǎo de. Wǒ xiān dǎsǎo fángjiān, ránhòu shōushi zhuōzi.

B: 好的。我 先 打扫 房间， 然后 收拾 桌子。

OK. I will clean the room first, then clear the table.

The sentence is used to express the order in which things are done.



Wǒ xiān V1, ránhòu V2.

Wǒ xiān shuākǎ, ránhòu qiānzì. 我先刷卡，然后签字。 I swipe my card first and then sign.

Wǒ xiān dìngcān, ránhòu ànmó. 我先订餐，然后按摩。 I order food first and then get a massage.

Language Points 语言点 yǔyán diǎn

Lājī tǒng mǎn le, **bié wàng le** rēng lājī.

A: 垃圾 桶 满 了, 别 忘 了 扔 垃圾。

Don't forget to throw out the garbage when the trash can is full.

bié wàng le + V

别 忘 了 The sentence is used to make an offer to someone to avoid forgetting to do something.

Zhīdào le, wǒ xǐ **wán** bēizi hòu, jiù qù rēng lājī.

B: 知 道 了, 我 洗 完 杯 子 后, 就 去 扔 垃圾。

V1 + wán hòu, jiù + V2.

The sentence is used to indicate that, immediately after doing something, one goes on to do a second thing.

Wǒ chī wán fàn, jiù qù ànmó. 我吃完饭, 就去按摩。 After finishing my meal, I will go for a massage.



Pronunciation Points 语音知识 yǔyīn zhīshi

1. The way to reading of the light tone in Chinese.

不是第五个声调 Not the fifth tone

特殊音变 Special sound changes
在一定条件下读得又短又轻的调子
A short and light tones under certain conditions

大多数是第二个字都轻声 usually
, the second word read as the light tone.

Zhuōzi shang de pánzi hé bēizi kěyǐ
shōu le ma?

桌子上的盘子和杯子可以收了吗?

Hǎode. Wǒ xiān dǎsǎo fángjiān, ránhòu
shōushi zhuōzi.

好的。我先打扫房间，然后收拾桌子。

Bié wàng le rēng lājī.

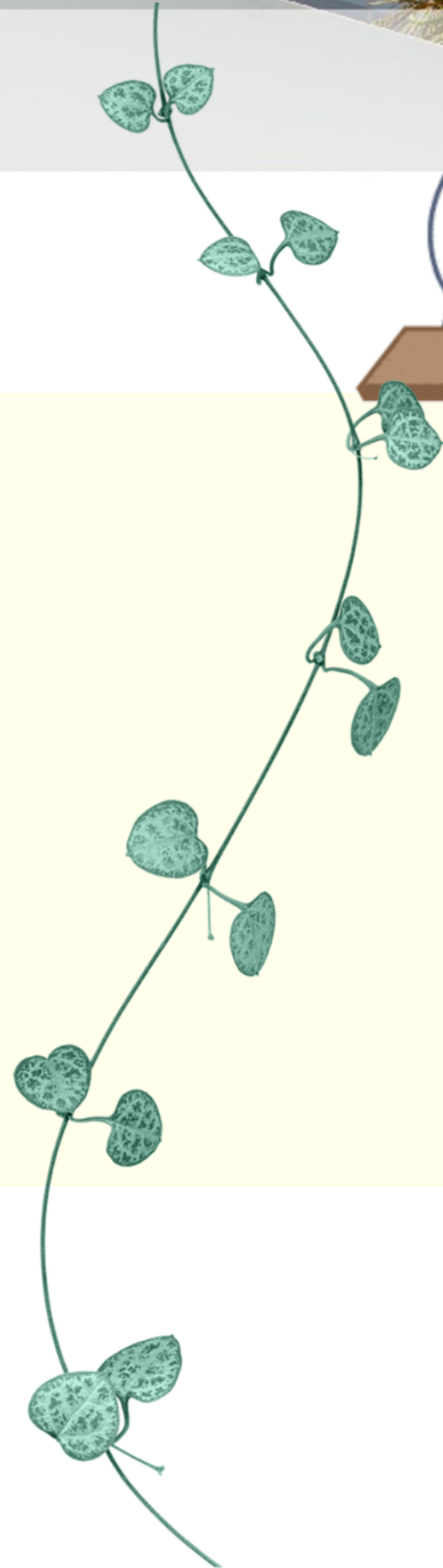
别忘了扔垃圾。

Zhīdào le.

知道了，



NOW
LET'S BEGINNING STUDY
PART 3.



Culture Point
文化点滴 wénhuà diǎndī



“kěyǐ shōu le ma? 可以收了吗？”

在中国，当我们需要做某事的时候，如果与他人有关，需要先征求他人的意愿，获得认可或同意后才可执行。

In China, when we need to do something related to other people, we must first consult their wishes and obtain their approval or consent before we can carry it out.

总结 Summary

- After studying this lesson, we know the basic knowledge how to connect to clean the room. And know the meaning and details of 12 new vocabularies, 1 conversation with 8 sentences, and the language points, pronunciation point and culture point in this course. The different words for hotel room types between Chinese and Thai language also was introduced. Wish you can apply your knowledge of Chinese learned in this course to work in the entire service industry, finance, and business, as well as other relevant industry sectors.

