

Fundamental Physics for Food Technology and Innovation (4011106)

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Newton's Laws of Motion

"Newton's Laws and Their Applications in Food Industry"

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Overview of topics to be covered:

- A. Introduction
- B. First law-law of inertia
- C. First Law Applications
- D. Second Law Force and Acceleration
- F. Second Law in Practice
- G. Third Law Action and Reaction
- H. Third Law Applications
- I. Summary





Introduction

- Physics principles govern many food processing operations
- Understanding force and motion is crucial for:
 - Food mixing and blending
 - Fluid flow in pipes
 - Separation processes
 - Material transport



Figure 1: Food processing equipment motion





First Law - Law of Inertia

- •"An object at rest stays at rest, and an object in motion stays in motion unless acted upon by an external force"
- Applications in Food Technology:
 - Mixing of ingredients
 - Separation of particles in centrifuges
 - Transport of food materials on conveyors



Figure 2: Centrifuge separation food industry





First Law Applications

- •Examples in Food Processing:
 - Continuous mixing systems
 - Fluid flow in pipes
 - Particle settling in storage tanks
- •Key Considerations:
 - Product viscosity
 - Flow resistance
 - Material properties



Figure 3: Food mixing system industrial





Second Law - Force and Acceleration

- F = ma (Force equals mass times acceleration)
- Food Industry Applications:
 - Mixing force requirements
 - Pump pressure calculations
 - Material handling systems



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Second Law in Practice

- Common Examples:
 - Pump pressure for liquid foods
 - Force required for dough mixing
 - Conveyor belt power requirements
- Calculation Example:

Force needed to move 100 kg of flour at 2 m/s^2 : $F = 100 \text{ kg} \times 2 \text{ m/s}^2 = 200 \text{ N}$



Figure 5: Industrial dough mixer





Third Law - Action and Reaction

- "For every action, there is an equal and opposite reaction"
- Applications:
 - Extrusion processes
 - Compression in packaging
 - Impact forces in cutting operations

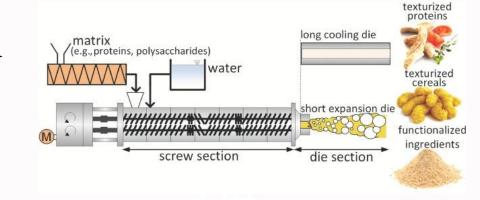


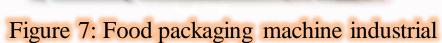
Figure 6: Food extrusion process





Third Law Applications

- Practical Examples:
 - 1. Extrusion of pasta and snacks
 - 2. Sealing forces in packaging
 - 3. Cutting resistance in food processing



- Design Considerations:
 - Material properties
 - Equipment specifications
 - Safety factors







Summary

- Key Points:
 - Inertia affects mixing and separation
 - Force calculations crucial for equipment design
 - Action-reaction important in processing operations
- Industry Applications:
 - Equipment design
 - Process optimization
 - Quality control



Figure 8: Food processing equipment modern





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