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NAKHON PATHOM RAJABHAT UNIVERSITY
佛统皇家大学

Faculty of Humanities and Social Sciences
人文与社会科学学院
Chinese Education Program
汉语教育专业



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Course code: 1000017

Course name: ภาษาจีนเพื่อการสื่อสารเบื้องต้น

基础交际汉语

Jīchǔ Jiāojiè Hànyǔ

Chinese for Basic Communication

Teacher: Aj. Dr. Shēn Yè 申烨





Dì èr kè Tāmen hǎo ma?
第二课 他们好吗?
Lesson 2 How are they?

New words
生词

Conversation
课文对话

Pronounce
语音知识

Language
points
语言点

Exercises
练习

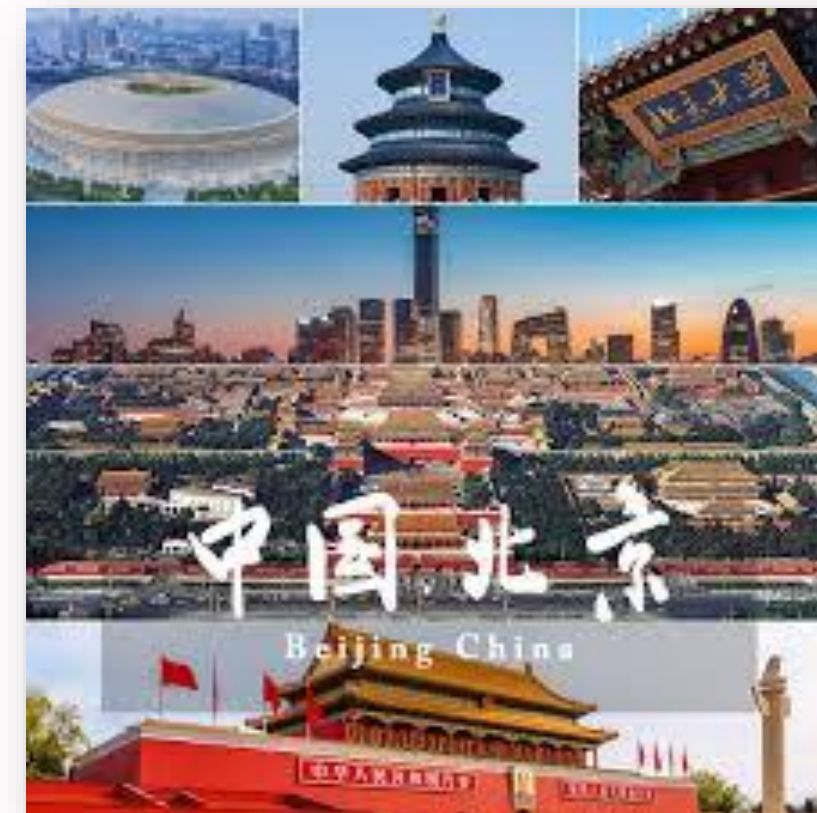
Culture
point
文化点滴

New Vocabularies 生词

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吗	ma	A question mark
爸爸	bàba	father
妈妈	māma	mother
他们	tāmen	they
都	dōu	both/ all
热	rè	hot
不	bú / bù	no/ not/ none
冷	lěng	cold
曼谷	Màngǔ	Bangkok
北京	Běijīng	Beijing



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New Vocabularies
生词



今天

jīntiān

today

天气

tiānqì

weather

怎么样

zěnmeyàng

How.....

真

zhēn

very / really

不错

búcuò

great

非常

fēicháng

very

Conversation
会话 huìhuà



A: Nǐ hǎo ma?

A: 你好吗?

B: Wǒ hěnn hǎo, nǐ ne?

B: 我很好，你呢?

A: Wǒ yě hěnn hǎo。

A: 我也很好。

B: Nǐ bàba māma hǎo ma?

B: 你爸爸妈妈好吗?

A: Tāmen dōu hěnn hǎo。

A: 他们都很好。



Conversation 会话 huìhuà



A: Nǐhǎo ma?

A: 你好吗?

B: Wǒ hěn hǎo, nǐ ne?

B: 我很好, 你呢?

A: Wǒ yě hěn hǎo. Nǐ bàba māma hǎo ma?

A: 我也很好。你爸爸妈妈好吗?

B: Tā men dōu hěn hǎo.

B: 他们都很好。

A: Màngǔ rè ma?

A: 曼谷热吗?

B: Màngǔ bú rè. Běijīng lěng ma?

B: 曼谷不热。北京冷吗?

A: Bù lěng.

A: 不冷。



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Language Points
语言点 yǔyán diǎn



1. A: Nǐhǎo ma?
A: 你好吗? (How are you?)
B: Wǒ hěn hǎo, nǐ ne?
B: 我很好, 你呢? (I' m fine, and you?)
A: Wǒ yě hěn hǎo。
A: 我也很好。 (I' m fine too)
B: Nǐ bàba māma hǎo ma?
B: 你爸爸妈妈好吗? (How are your parents?)
A: Tāmen dōu hěn hǎo。
A: 他们都很好。 (They are fine!)

Nǐ bàba māma
你爸爸妈妈
jiějie mèimei
gēge dìdi
yéye nǎinai
Tāmen
他们

yě
dōu



Answer as the same situation with yě

Answer the situation about the people more than two persons with dōu

Language Points
语言点 yǔyán diǎn

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2. A: Màngǔ rè ma?

A: 曼谷热吗? (Is it hot in Bangkok?)
Asking about the weather.

Some place + rè ma?

..... + 热吗?

búrè / bú tài rè / hěn rè / fēicháng rè / zhēn rè

不热 / 不太热 / 很热 / 非常热 / 真热

(Not hot/ Not too hot/ Very hot/ Extremely hot/ Really too hot)



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Language Points
语言点 yǔyán diǎn

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3. Běijīng lěng ma?
北京冷吗? (Is it cold in Beijing?)
Asking about the weather.

Some place + lěng ma?
..... + 冷吗?

bù lěng / bú tài lěng / hěn lěng / fēicháng lěng / zhēn lěng
不冷 / 不太冷 / 很冷 / 非常冷 / 真冷
(Not cold / Not too cold / Very cold / Extremely cold / Really too cold)



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Pronunciation Points 语音知识 yǔyīn zhīshi

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1. Chinese Pinyin 汉语拼音:

- 韵母 finals: ai ei ao ou
- 声母 initials: d t n l

	a	u	i	ü	ai	ei	ao	ou
d	da	du	di	—	dai	dei	dao	dou
t	ta	tu	ti	—	tai	—	tao	tou
n	na	nu	ni	nü	nai	nei	nao	nou
l	la	lu	li	lü	lai	lei	lao	lou
b	ba	bu	bi	—	bai	bei	bao	—
p	pa	pu	pi	—	pai	pei	pao	pou

Pronunciation Points
语音知识 yǔyīn zhīshi

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2. The tonal modification of the third tone in Chinese 三声变调.

上声变调 The tonal modification of the third tone:

(1) 两个上声相连: 前一个由214变为35, 后一个读原来的214。

When two third-tone together, the first change to be second-tone,
the last one don't change. 33—23

2
third-
tone
words

拐角 guǎi jiǎo
你好 nǐ hǎo
可以 kě yǐ



拐角 guái jiǎo
你好 ní hǎo
可以 ké yǐ



发音变, 写不变。

Just change the pronounce,

Don't change the writing. ★

nǐhǎo

dǎdǔ

dǎotǐ

fǎbǎo

mǎpǐ

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Pronunciation Points
语音知识 yǔyīn zhīshi

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2. The tonal modification of the third tone in Chinese 三声变调.

上声变调 The tonal modification of the third tone:

(2) 三个上声相连: 前两个由214变为35, 后一个读原来的214。

When three third-tone together, the first two tones change to be second-tone, the last one don't change. 333---223

3 third-
tone words

我很好 wǒ hě'n hǎo



我很好 wó hén hǎo
wǒ hén hǎo



发音变 , 写不变。

Just change the pronounce, ★

Don't change the writing.

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Pronunciation Points
语音知识 yǔyīn zhīshi

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2. The tonal modification of the third tone in Chinese 三声变调.

上声变调 The tonal modification of the third tone:

(3) 多个上声相连: 前面的全部由214变为35, 最后一个读原来的214。

When more than three third-tone together, we have two ways to change the tone as follow: 3333---2223, 33/33----23/23

More than
3 third-
tone words

我也很好 wǒ yě hě'n hǎo



我也很好 wó yé hén hǎo

wó yě

hén hǎo

发音变 , 写不变。

Just change the pronounce, ★

Don' t change the writing.



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Pronunciation Points
语音知识 yǔyīn zhīshi

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3. 轻声: The Neutral Tone / The Light Tone

- 在一定条件下读得又短又轻的调子 a short and light tones under certain conditions

bàba	māma	gēge	nǎinai	dìdi
mèimei	péngyou	tāmen	lǎopo	jiějie
zhuōzi	yǐzi	ma	de	le
wǒmen	nǐmen	wǒde	nǐde	tāde

Pronunciation Points
语音知识 yǔyīn zhīshi

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4. “不” 变调: The Sandhi of the character “不”

Màngǔ bú rè.

不

bù lěng.

不



“不” 在去声（51）前，必须变为阳平（35）。When “bù” is used in front of the fourth tone, the tone should be changed to the second tone (35).

bú + 4: bú qù, bú yào

“不” 在非去声（阴平55、阳平35、上声214）前，仍读去声（51）。When “bù” is used in front of the first, the second, and the third tone, read the original tone (51).

bù + 1, 2, 3: bù chī, bù xíng, bù hǎo

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中秋节的来历 The Origin of the Mid-Autumn Festival

中秋节源自中国古代的月亮崇拜和秋祀习俗，定型于唐代。节日源于一个古老的传说：英雄后羿射下九个太阳后，获得长生不老药，他的妻子嫦娥为了保护药不被坏人夺走，吞下药物飞向月亮，成为月神。人们为了纪念嫦娥、祈求团圆平安，便在农历八月十五（月圆之夜）祭月、赏月，逐渐形成中秋节。

The Mid-Autumn Festival originates from ancient Chinese moon worship and autumn harvest rituals, taking its established form during the Tang Dynasty. The festival is rooted in an ancient legend: after the hero Hou Yi shot down nine suns, he obtained the elixir of immortality. To protect it from falling into the wrong hands, his wife Chang'e swallowed the elixir and flew to the moon, becoming the moon goddess. To commemorate Chang'e and pray for reunion and peace, people began to make offerings to the moon and admire the full moon on the fifteenth day of the eighth lunar month (the night of the full moon), gradually giving rise to the Mid-Autumn Festival.



Culture corner
文化角
Wénhuà jiǎo

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主要习俗 Main Customs

赏月 Moon Gazing

家人朋友团聚，一起欣赏明月，象征团圆美满。Family and friends gather to admire the bright full moon, symbolizing unity and happiness.

点灯笼 Lighting Lanterns

街上和家中会悬挂灯笼，儿童也常提灯笼游玩，增添节日气氛。Lanterns are hung in streets and homes, and children often carry them while playing, adding to the festive atmosphere

祭月 Making Offerings to the Moon

一些家庭会摆放月饼、水果等祭品，向月亮祈福。Some families arrange offerings such as mooncakes and fruits to pray to the moon for blessings.

舞火龙 Fire Dragon Dance

部分地区有舞火龙的传统，寓意驱邪避灾。In some regions, the fire dragon dance is performed to ward off evil and misfortune.



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饮食习惯 Dietary Practices

月饼 Mooncakes

中秋节最具代表性的食物，圆形寓意团圆，馅料多样（如莲蓉、豆沙、咸蛋黄等）。The most iconic food of the Mid-Autumn Festival, round in shape to symbolize reunion, with diverse fillings such as lotus seed paste, red bean paste, and salted egg yolk.

柚子 Pomelo

因为外形圆润、象征团圆，且“柚”与“佑”谐音，有吉祥之意。Its round shape represents reunion, and the Chinese word for pomelo (柚, yòu) sounds similar to the word for “blessing” (佑, yòu), carrying auspicious connotations.

桂花酒/茶 Osmanthus Wine or Tea

桂花在中秋盛开，饮桂花酒或茶寓意富贵吉祥。Osmanthus flowers bloom during mid-autumn, and drinking osmanthus wine or tea symbolizes prosperity and good fortune.



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中秋节的象征意义 Symbolic Meanings of the Mid-Autumn Festival

团圆：家人相聚，共享明月。

Reunion: Family members gather to share the beauty of the full moon.

感恩：庆祝丰收，感谢自然的馈赠。

Gratitude: Celebrating the harvest and giving thanks to nature's bounty.

祈福：祈求平安、幸福与吉祥。

Prayer for Blessings: Seeking peace, happiness, and auspiciousness.

中秋节是温馨的节日，寄托着人们对美好生活的向往。无论身在何处，中秋之夜仰望明月，便是连接情感的方式。

The Mid-Autumn Festival is a warm and heartfelt celebration, embodying people's aspirations for a better life. No matter where one is, gazing at the moon on the night of the Mid-Autumn Festival serves as a way to connect emotions and cherish bonds.

